

Assuring Technical Competence - SADCAS Accreditation Process- MLAS

Presented by

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Presentation Overview

- Accreditation Process
- Accreditation Process Timelines
- Accreditation Costs
- Trends from Initial Assessments
- Lessons learnt
- Conclusion



SADCAS Accreditation

- Granted to organizations that fully meet requirements of the relevant international standards
- Standards Requirements for Medical laboratories is ISO 15189:2012



Accreditation Requirements

General Requirements

- ♦ SADCAS TR 01 Part 1 Conditions for Use of SADCAS Accreditation Mark
- ♦ SADCAS TR 01 Part 2 Use of Combined Marks
- ♦ SADCAS AP 02 Accreditation Fees

Informative Document

- ♦ SADCAS TR 02 Accreditation Requirements
- SADCAS TG 01 Information to Organizations Applying for Accreditation
- ♦ SADCAS TG 03 Area of Accreditation
- SADCAS TG 04 Guidance for addressing and Clearing Nonconformities
- ♦ SADCAS F 111 Accreditation Process Timelines

Documents available on SADCAS website: www.sadcas.org



SADCAS Accreditation Process

- The SADCAS accreditation process involves 5 main stages namely:
 - Application and documentation review
 - Pre-assessment
 - ♦ Initial assessment
 - Periodic on site assessment
 - ♦ Re-assessment



Accreditation Process Flow Chart





Application

- Applicant completes an application form available from SADCAS office and also from the SADCAS website: www.sadcas.org
 - In the case of medical laboratories the applicable form is SADCAS F 43 (c)
- Applicant also completes SADCAS F 43 (f) Application for Approval of Personnel applicable to nominated representatives/management representative
 - For clarity on NR/MR and TS refer to SADCAS TR 03: NR/TS responsibilities, qualifications and approval:



Application

- Applicant signs SADCAS F 44 SADCAS Accreditation Agreement
- All applications to be accompanied by a Quality Manual (policies, procedures/SOPs, etc)
- Applications to be submitted directly to SADCAS office in Gaborone, Botswana



Document Review

- Upon receipt, SADCAS undertakes a completeness check of application documents
- SADCAS provides the applicant with a detailed quotation based on the scope of application. If acceptable applicant signs and returns signed quotation to SADCAS
- SADCAS Team Leader (TL) undertakes document review of the applicant's Quality Manual
- SADCAS provides feedback on document review to applicant. Report is made available within one month of receipt of complete documentation
- If there are NCs/ need for more information then applicant advised accordingly and institutes CA and submits additional documents. Corrective action timeline 6 months to address findings from DR



Pre-Assessment

- Pre assessments are optional but may be compulsory depending on the regulator's condition for acceptance where required.
- Pre-assessment is an on site visit to check readiness of applicant for accreditation
- Undertaken by LA/Technical Assessor (TA)
- Findings recorded
- Recommendation report: ready or not for an initial assessment. Report is provided within 2 weeks after pre-assessment



Initial Assessment

- Onsite assessment of organization's competence
- Covers all aspects of organization's scope of application
- Undertaken by an Assessment Team (AT)
- Assessment Team consists of
 - Team Leader (TA) who is responsible for assessing the MS of the applicant
 - Technical Assessors responsible for advising the TL on specialist technical matters relating to applicant's scope
 - Organization given opportunity to object to proposed team on the basis of objective evidence of a conflict of interest
 - SADCAS evaluates reason and if acceptable proposes changes to the AT



Initial Assessment (continued)

Assessors Meeting

- ♦ Meeting of the Assessment Team
- Consolidate findings
- Agree on classification of findings

Closing Meeting

- Held at end of onsite assessment
- ♦ Chaired by SADCAS LA
- ♦ Attended by
 - AT members
 - Applicant organization's management
 - Nominated Representative
 - Personnel involved in areas assessed



Initial Assessment (concluded)

- Findings recorded
- Organization will be advised of any improvement actions identified against the accreditation requirements by the AT
- Organization is given
 - 1 month to identify and propose corrective action and to address them within 3 months from last date of assessment. Refer to TG 04 for Guidance for addressing and Clearing Nonconformities
- Once improvement actions have been implemented to the satisfaction of SADCAS, accreditation will be granted
- Accreditation decision made by the Accreditation Approvals Committee based mainly on the information gathered during assessment



Accreditation

- Accreditation certificate and schedule of accreditation (SoA) issued
- Name of accredited organization together with certificate and SoA are published on the SADCAS website <u>www.sadcas.org</u>
- SADCAS F 44 covers all the aspects that a medical laboratory has to comply with in order to maintain accreditation



Re-Assessments

- Will be conducted at end of accreditation cycle
- Assessment cycle 5 years
- A full assessment is undertaken on the management system and technical aspects including PT/ILC



Accreditation Timelines

- SADCAS makes an effort to ensure that applications are processed as efficiently as possible
- Accreditation process timelines are outlined in F 111
- Accreditation timelines
 - Range of time taken to process from application to accreditation 11 to 30 months with some facilities undergoing initial assessment twice
 - Average time taken to process from application to accreditation approval 20 months
- The time taken to process an application depends on a number of factors, some of which are outside SADCAS control:
 - A delay can occur due to insufficient documented procedures and submission of inadequate Quality Manual
 - Delays in submitting additional requested documents at DR stage
 - Availability of suitable assessors
 - Delays in identifying corrective action by conformity assessment body
 - Delays in submitting evidence of implementation of corrective action



Accreditation Costs

Outlined in AP 02. AP 02 Contains an estimate of fees

Application Fee

- Includes one document review
- Paid with submission of application documents
- Non refundable if applicant withdraws
- ♦ Approximately US \$954
- ♦ Resubmitted documentation review US \$605

Pre-assessment Fees

- Charged at a rate of US \$1,270 per assessor unit
- One assessor unit is one assessor for one day or part thereof
- Assessor travel and subsistence costs billed at cost to client



Accreditation Costs

Initial Assessment Fee

- Additional assessor charged at a rate of US \$877 per assessor unit
- Assessor travel and subsistence costs also billed at cost to client

Annual Accreditation Fee

- Based on 2 assessor units
- Additional assessor units will be charged at US \$877 per assessor unit
- The annual accreditation fee excludes travel and subsistence costs which, at surveillance assessment stage, will be billed at cost



Accreditation Costs

ML A (Tanzania) Scope: Parasitology; TB (August 2018)

♦ Application fees(Including DR)
USD 868

♦ Total USD 9,575

ML B (Zambia) Scope: Chemistry; Microbiology,
 Haematology, Immunology and Serology (July 2018)

♦ Application fees(Including DR)
USD 868

♦ 1st Initial assessment USD14,793

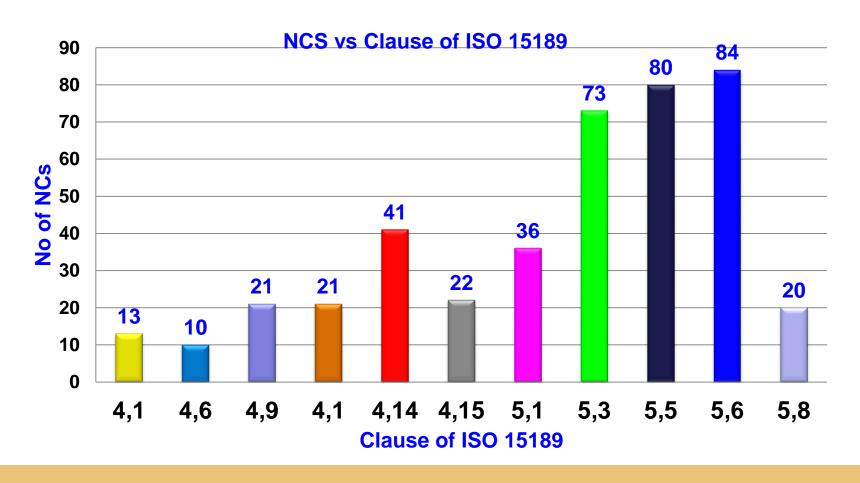


Based on SADCAS experiences from 29 initial assessments undertaken, high numbers of nonconformities are recorded in the following areas and applicable clauses of ISO 15189:2012

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Clause 5.6: Ensuring quality of examination results (84)
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- Clause 5.5: Examination Processes (80)
- Clause 5.3: Laboratory Equipment (73)
- ♦ Clause 4.14: Internal audits (41)
- ♦ Clause 4.15: Management review (22)
- Clause 5.8: Reporting of results (20)
- ♦ Clause 4.1: Organization and management (13)
- Clause 4.6: External services and supplies (10)
- Clause 4.10: Corrective actions (11)







Clause 5.6 of ISO 15189: Ensuring quality of results covers the following areas:

- Internal quality control analysis and review;
- Inter-Laboratory Comparison/EQA participation;
 and
- Analysis and review of performance.



Clause 5.5 of ISO 15189: Examination procedures covers the following areas:

- Selection, verification and validation of examination procedures;
- Measurement uncertainty; and
- Documentation of examination procedures.



Clause 5.3 of ISO 15189: Laboratory Equipment, reagents and consumables is broad and it covers the following areas:

- Equipment acceptance testing
- Equipment calibration and metrological traceability
- Equipment maintenance and repair
- Equipment records
- Reagents reception, acceptance testing,
- Reagents inventory management
- Reagents and consumables records



Lessons Learnt for the Benefit of ML

Personnel

- Some laboratories fail to provide exhaustive training in all areas stated in ISO 15189 for all personnel.
 - Quality management systems
 - Health and safety
 - Applicable laboratory information systems
 - \$\text{Ethics (5.1.5).}
- Laboratories seem to concentrate on equipment/analyser operator trainings only
- Some laboratories would only provide evidence of competence assessments without training records. The standard separates the two. Competence evaluation is done to check effectiveness of training.



www.sadcas.org

